**Name \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**Chapter 14: World War II Cold War, and Civil Rights**

**True/False**

*Indicate whether the statement is true or false.*

\_\_\_\_ 1. World War II was the most destructive war ever fought.

\_\_\_\_ 2. No blacks participated in combat during World War II.

\_\_\_\_ 3. The Fair Employment Practices Commission was very successful in finding jobs for blacks in government and private corporations.

\_\_\_\_ 4. The G.I. Bill of Rights mostly benefited the middle class.

\_\_\_\_ 5. In South Carolina the NAACP lost membership in the 1940s.

**Multiple Choice**

*Identify the choice that best completes the statement or answers the question.*

\_\_\_\_ 1. What South Carolina governor was in charge of war mobilization.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | James F. Byrnes |
| b. | Ellison D. Smith |
| c. | Strom Thurmond |
| d. | George B. Timmerman, Jr. |

\_\_\_\_ 2. Which statement best explains the purpose of rationing?

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | to control the economy |
| b. | to keep people from hoarding certain items |
| c. | to see that everyone got a little of scarce items |
| d. | to make sure the country would not completely run out of an item |

\_\_\_\_ 3. What was the major industry in South Carolina during World War II?

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | textiles |
| b. | timber |
| c. | tobacco |
| d. | wood pulp |

\_\_\_\_ 4. Which was NOT part of the U.S. plan to keep the Soviet Union from gaining too much power?

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | Marshall Plan |
| b. | Vietnamese War |
| c. | policy of containment |
| d. | creation of military defense alliances |

\_\_\_\_ 5. What event spurred increased membership in the NAACP in South Carolina in the 1940s?

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | the Cold War |
| b. | World War II |
| c. | increased membership in the KKK |
| d. | northerners who migrated to South Carolina |

\_\_\_\_ 6. What was the verdict in the trial of thirty-one people accused in the lynching of Willie Earle?

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | All-thirty-one were found not guilty. |
| b. | All thirty-one were found guilty and were executed. |
| c. | All thirty-one were found guilty and received jail time. |
| d. | Ten of the thirty-one were found guilty, but received probation. |

\_\_\_\_ 7. How did the White Citizens’ Councils differ from the Ku Klux Klan?

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | They used anti-black language. |
| b. | They promoted white supremacy. |
| c. | They supported racial segregation. |
| d. | They were prominent businessmen. |

**Completion**

*Complete each statement.*

1. When World War II began, the United States had a policy of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

2. The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ trained at the Columbia Air Base.

3. The common name for the States Rights Democrat Party was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ led the drive to get twenty people to support the attack on segregation that eventually became the *Briggs v. Elliott* case.

**Matching**

*Match the term with its definition.*

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| a. | blacklist | f. | infrastructure |
| b. | consumerism | g. | ration |
| c. | containment | h. | status quo |
| d. | Cold War | i. | war bonds |
| e. | genocide |

\_\_\_\_ 1. a term used to describe the wiping out of an entire cultural group

\_\_\_\_ 2. turning lights off to conceal the location of something

\_\_\_\_ 3. buying and using goods at a high rate

\_\_\_\_ 4. an act of trying to keep the power of the Soviet Union within its boundaries

*Match the term with its definition.*

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| a. | Harry Briggs | g. | Alice Spearman |
| b. | Willie Earle | h. | J. Strom Thurmond |
| c. | George A. Elmore | i. | George B. Timmerman, Jr. |
| d. | Rev. J. M. Hinton | j. | J. Waties Waring |
| e. | John McCray | k. | Isaac Woodard, Jr. |
| f. | Emory Rogers | l. | John Wrighten |

\_\_\_\_ 5. South Carolina governor who led attacks on the Brown decision and refused to integrate schools

\_\_\_\_ 6. leader of South Carolina’s White Citizens’ Councils

\_\_\_\_ 7. executive director of the South Carolina Council on Human Relations

\_\_\_\_ 8. filed suit to gain admission to the University of South Carolina School of Law

**Essay**

1. Describe ways people at home supported the World War II effort.

**Chapter 14: World War II Cold War, and Civil Rights**

**Answer Section**

**TRUE/FALSE**

1. ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Application REF: Chapter 14 Section 1

TOP: World War II

2. ANS: F

All sailors, black and white, had assignments for handling ammunition and manning artillery.

Nearly a million African Americans served during the war.

The Tuskegee Airmen were a segregated group of African American pilots.

PTS: 1 DIF: Application REF: Chapter 14 Section 1

TOP: World War II

3. ANS: F

The FEPC was not very successful in finding jobs for blacks in private corporations.

PTS: 1 DIF: Knowledge REF: Chapter 14 Section 1

TOP: World War II

4. ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Analysis REF: Chapter 14 Section 3

TOP: Impact of World War II

5. ANS: F

The membership in the NAACP in South Carolina increased from 800 to 14,237 in the 1940s.

PTS: 1 DIF: Knowledge REF: Chapter 14 Section 4

TOP: Civil Rights

**MULTIPLE CHOICE**

1. ANS: A PTS: 1 DIF: Knowledge REF: Chapter 14 Section 1

TOP: World War II

2. ANS: C PTS: 1 DIF: Analysis REF: Chapter 14 Section 1

TOP: World War II

3. ANS: A PTS: 1 DIF: Knowledge REF: Chapter 14 Section 2

TOP: South Carolina in World War II

4. ANS: B PTS: 1 DIF: Analysis REF: Chapter 14 Section 3

TOP: Cold War

5. ANS: B PTS: 1 DIF: Knowledge REF: Chapter 14 Section 4

TOP: Civil Rights

6. ANS: A PTS: 1 DIF: Knowledge REF: Chapter 14 Section 4

TOP: Civil Rights

7. ANS: D PTS: 1 DIF: Application REF: Chapter 14 Section 4

TOP: Civil Rights

**COMPLETION**

1. ANS: isolation

PTS: 1 DIF: Knowledge REF: Chapter 14 Section 1

TOP: World War II

2. ANS: Doolittle Raiders

PTS: 1 DIF: Knowledge REF: Chapter 14 Section 2

TOP: South Carolina in World War II

3. ANS: Dixiecrat

PTS: 1 DIF: Knowledge REF: Chapter 14 Section 4

TOP: Civil Rights

4. ANS: Rev. J. A. DeLaine

PTS: 1 DIF: Knowledge REF: Chapter 14 Section 4

TOP: Civil Rights

**MATCHING**

1. ANS: E PTS: 1 DIF: Knowledge REF: Chapter 14 Section 3

TOP: Vocabulary

2. ANS: A PTS: 1 DIF: Knowledge REF: Chapter 14 Section 2

TOP: Vocabulary

3. ANS: B PTS: 1 DIF: Knowledge REF: Chapter 14 Section 3

TOP: Vocabulary

4. ANS: C PTS: 1 DIF: Knowledge REF: Chapter 14 Section 3

TOP: Vocabulary

5. ANS: I PTS: 1 DIF: Knowledge REF: Chapter 14 Section 4

TOP: Civil Rights

6. ANS: F PTS: 1 DIF: Knowledge REF: Chapter 14 Section 4

TOP: Civil Rights

7. ANS: G PTS: 1 DIF: Knowledge REF: Chapter 14 Section 4

TOP: Civil Rights

8. ANS: L PTS: 1 DIF: Knowledge REF: Chapter 14 Section 4

TOP: Civil Rights

**ESSAY**

1. ANS:

Answers will vary, but may include: planting victory gardens, buying war bonds and stamps, collecting scrap metal and old paper, rationed products

PTS: 1 DIF: Comprehension REF: Chapter 14 Section 2

TOP: South Carolina in World War II